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Braunton Academy Aspire & Achieve



#### BEHAVIOUR FOR LEARNING AND RELATIONSHIPS POLICY

# A Rationale of Behaviour for Learning Philosophies and Processes within Braunton Academy 2023

#### General principles underpinning the Behaviour Policy

Our central aim is to inspire each child to 'Aspire & Achieve'; to maximise success, achievement and personal fulfilment in all they do: by promoting and teaching our agreed values of the "Personal Learning and Thinking Skills", RESPECT, CHARACTER and COMMUNITY in a secure and purposeful environment which our young people find stimulating, respond to and enjoy. We will continue to encourage and support a genuine LOVE OF LEARNING for life.



Braunton Academy is committed to providing a high-quality learning experience underpinned by a shared set of values and beliefs to which staff, students, parents/ carers and academy governors have agreed to adhere, promoting personal growth, a challenging curriculum, firmly placing mutual respect and the individual students' needs at the heart of everything we do.

These values are taught through the curriculum but particular focus is given to this through Theme of the Week, in morning registration activities and Personal Development lessons.

The positive behaviour management of our young people is most effective when a true partnership exists between school and home. Together we can continue to make Braunton Academy extremely successful; a school which we are all proud to belong to, and a school where visitors enjoy coming.

This policy details the expectations the school has for our students and is written to ensure that all our partners (students, families, colleagues and the wider community) understand our guiding principles.

The following policy applies to students within core school hours, during enrichment activities, when representing the school, on school trips or visits, in transit to and from school and at any time where an issue within the community impacts on school life.

Our Student Code of Conduct, "Prepared, Respectful, Safe" is displayed around the school and taught to all students to ensure everyone has a positive school experience (see appendix). Pupils, Parents and Staff are provided with our Code of Conduct to sign. We focus on positive behaviours in our students to support them in making good choices. New students also have a meeting with a Senior Leader to ensure that they understand our School expectations and know how to follow them to achieve success in our school community.

# The concept behind positive behaviour for learning

As individuals, we all choose how to act. However, it is important that we all recognise that for every choice or action there is a consequence. Rewards for positive behaviours and attitude choices, and consequences for poor behaviour and attitude choices.

At Braunton Academy, consequences are issued by staff. Students are in control of their own actions and if they have chosen to act in a certain way, these actions will result in consequences being given.

Behaviour choices may have multifaceted causes and as an inclusive school we are committed to working with families to ensure these are investigated and addressed. Some behaviours are more likely to be associated with particular types of SEND, such as a pupil with speech, language and communication needs who may not understand a verbal instruction. Behaviour will often need to be considered in relation to a pupil's SEND, although it does not follow that every incident of misbehaviour will be connected to their SEND. Alternative arrangements are made when poor behaviour is linked with additional learning needs. In such cases, the SENCO will ensure that appropriate assessment and early intervention leads to an effective plan being developed, alongside the resources required for its implementation.

#### Rewards

Robert C Di Giulio writes 'students who feel successful are seldom behaviour problems' (2007). With this in mind we strive to focus on the positive behaviour of our students engaging them to "Aspire and Achieve" and allow others to do this too.

#### **Merits**

Merit points are recorded on Class Charts which can be accessed by pupils and parents to see the points that have been given, the subject and reason. Middle and Senior Leaders will use data reports generated from Class Charts to track behaviour allowing for targeted interventions and recognition of positive behaviours.

The information provided within Class Charts is regularly used in meetings with parents/carers and it is strongly recommended that parents/carers download the app in order that we may work more closely in providing support for our students.

Merit badges, to be worn on students' blazers, are presented to them to acknowledge their hard work when they reach the following quantities:

Bronze 65 merits

Silver 130 merits

Gold 170 merits

Platinum 200 merits

#### Behaviour for Learning (B4L) See appendix for Criteria

 Scholar badges are awarded after each set of Mid Term Assessments (MTA's) where students who have achieved 1's across their report are recognised. For the first recognition they are given a bronze scholar star then a silver and gold for their next successful MTA's.

#### **Attendance**

- Excellent attendance is rewarded termly at assemblies. Trophies are awarded at the end of year assembly
- The House with the best weekly attendance enjoys 'first into the canteen' privileges

#### Personal Learning and Thinking Skills (PLTS)

Rewards are linked to their effective use of personal learning and thinking skills, based on the PLTS model. These are awarded just by tutors and HOY to highlight their development of these core skills to prepare them for

employment and lifelong learning. Students will be working towards becoming an independent student and an active responsible citizen of the school. Merits are given to students when they show these qualities both in lesson time and throughout other school activities.

#### **Departments**

- Departments issue postcards and letters on a regular basis as well as phone calls home.
- Students may be awarded "Student of the Month" in a subject area for doing outstanding work.
- Celebration evenings are held to celebrate the end of Key Stage 3 and Key Stage 4

There is a House Championship each year and students will have the opportunity to gain points for their House in the following ways:

#### **House Points**

- House Competitions there is a varied programme of House competitions and events throughout the year from all areas of school life. This will ensure that everyone has the opportunity to represent their House in something that they enjoy. Students will gain a House Point for entering, and the following points will be awarded for 1st place (10), 2nd place (5), and 3rd place (3).
- Other staff award House Points for positive behaviour using the ClassCharts system.
- Best attendance the House that tops the attendance data each week gains 10 points for their House.

These points accumulate and are recorded on the House Championship display board in the Isaac Hall foyer.

There are opportunities within each House for students to take on extra responsibility and apply to become House Captains, who help organise the competitions and events.



The House Championship calendar culminates with the Annual Sports Day and a House Championship Cup awarded to the House that has accrued the most points over the whole year at the final assembly.

A 'House Championship' day occurs near the end of the Summer Term whereby the students in the winning house overall for the year are able to wear non-uniform and have P5 & P6 on the Athletics track taking part in a range of fun activities.

#### **Honours Boards**

Students who are recognised for leadership roles in the Academy are displayed on Honour Boards.

# **Behaviour Management in Practice**

#### The deployment of a positive behaviour for learning policy

When a member of school staff becomes aware of misbehaviour, they will respond predictably, promptly, and assertively. The first priority is to ensure the safety of pupils and staff and to restore a calm environment. Staff will respond in a consistent, fair, and proportionate manner so pupils know with certainty that misbehaviour will always be addressed. De-escalation techniques will be used to help prevent further behaviour issues arising and recurring and to help restore calm. Staff are regularly trained in behaviour management, deescalation and restorative approaches techniques. When a consequence has been given, the key focus is on the opportunity for the member of staff to have a restorative conversation with the student. This will allow for students to discuss the issues which caused their behaviour and a plan of action to be created to avoid the same situation happening again.

The consequences to students in response to poor behaviour may have various purposes. These include:

- deterrence: sanctions can often be effective deterrents for a specific pupil or a general deterrent for all pupils at the school.
- protection: keeping pupils safe is a legal duty of all staff. A protective measure in response to inappropriate behaviour, for example, removing a pupil from a lesson, may be immediate or after assessment of risk.
- improvement: to support pupils to understand and meet the behaviour expectations of the school and re engage in meaningful education. Pupils will test boundaries, may find their emotions difficult to manage, or may have misinterpreted the rules. Pupils will be supported to understand and follow the rules. This will be via sanctions, reflective conversations or targeted pastoral support.

The common language of "choice, chance, consequence" is used in the Academy. In the event that a student makes a poor choice in respect of their behaviour or attitude after being given their "choice" and "chance" stages, a "consequence" will be applied. The staff member will take into account the behaviour and context of the behaviour when applying

consequences. Whilst the formal consequences process will usually follow the staff member's use of measures to refocus and re-engage the student, there will be times when serious behaviour requires earlier stages to be bypassed.

The Form Tutor and Head of Year is central to the students' educational experience at Braunton Academy; they will ensure close contact is maintained between home and school in respect of continued negative behaviour incidents. Classcharts is used at the Academy which automatically alerts parents of all positive and negative behaviour points, at time of issue. Communication with staff and parents/ carers will take place through emails and phone calls but for more serious issues, in particular suspensions, this is followed up by a letter.

# Disruption to learning

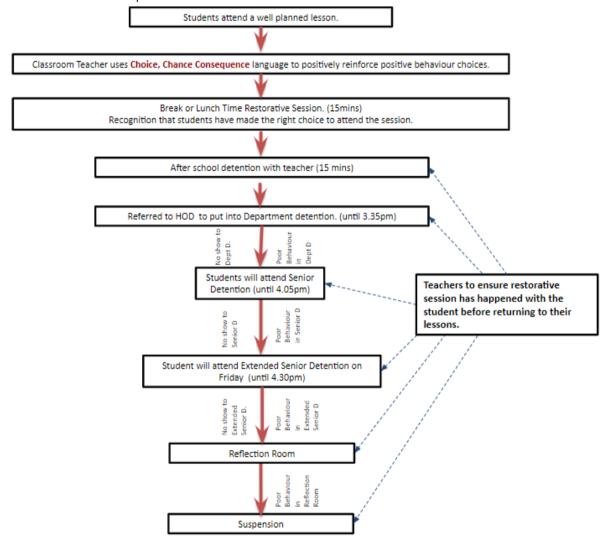
Disruption not only seriously affects the learning of the student disrupting the lesson/learning environment but also directly affects the learning of other students present and the teachers' ability to teach effectively.

Disruption or inappropriate behaviour can be identified in a variety of forms. Below are some examples of classroom disruption, however, this list is not exhaustive.

- A failure to follow instructions.
- Displaying behaviour that prevents other students from learning and teachers from teaching
- A refusal to engage in the learning process.
- Disrespectful responses to staff / students
- General defiance.
- Use of derogatory language

Through our positive behaviour for learning procedures Braunton Academy intends to address the issue of disruption whilst at the same time dealing effectively with more serious examples of inappropriate or anti – social behaviour. Should a student display a number of poor choices throughout the day, the school may decide to incorporate these into one or more higher level consequence.

If a student doesn't manage the expectations at each level of the flow diagram they move down the steps.



#### **Pastoral issues**

Where a student does not meet the expectations of tutor time, Personal Study or social time, a Pastoral detention is attended at lunchtime for 15 minutes. This is run by the HOY who will identify what support needs to be given to the student. Pastoral detentions will be given for the following reasons:

- Late but before the end of registration
- Lack of equipment
- Uniform issues

• Lack of engagement or disruption

Lateness after registration will result in a Senior Staff detention until 4.05pm as will non attendance at Pastoral detention.

#### Persistent issues

#### **Monitoring Reports**

Students will be monitored by placing them on a report card with their tutor, HOD, HOY, or SLT supporting an area of improvement e.g. Lateness or poor Behaviour for Learning. These cards help to identify positives and areas of strength as well as providing an opportunity to reflect on the problematic issues and how to overcome them. We expect home and school to work together with regards to monitoring the students and ask that the report is signed and discussed at home each day.

#### Other early support

- Students will be discussed at our Braunton Academy Student Support (BASS) meeting to see what intervention is needed. This is attended by the Assistant Vice Principal Inclusion (AVP), HOY, SENDCO, Attendance Officer, Deputy DSL and Student Mentors.
- Meetings with parents
- Acceptable Behaviour Contract may be created and signed by pupil, parent/ carer and AVP
- Support from Devon Inclusion Team

# Disruptive Student Intervention (DSI) Appendix for referral form

Students who are persistently disruptive in lessons who have had many strategies implemented may be removed from that subject for a maximum of two weeks, known as a DSI. Strategies that must have been explored before this stage include:

- Detentions with restorative conversations with the teacher
- Phone call with parents
- HOD involvement
- Meeting with Head of Department and Parents
- Support from HOY

For those lessons that the pupil is removed from, work will be set for that subject and the student will work in the Reflection Room. A restorative meeting with the HOD and teacher to create a plan for improvement will take place before the student returns to lessons.

#### **Senior detentions**

Senior detentions can be allocated for the same night up until lunchtime of that day. A phone call will be made to the students' parents/ carers by the Reflection Room Lead. The detention will be held on the same day where possible so that the situation is dealt with quickly and does not drag on. The

restorative conversation will have the most impact on changing the behaviour which led to the consequence when it is done promptly after the incident.

# Investigating Incidents (See Appendix for incident report form)

The Academy will investigate, as appropriate, reported incidents of student misbehaviour. The Academy will ensure that relevant staff receive adequate and appropriate training for the conduct of any investigations, including in respect of the recording of evidence and the taking of witness statements and will provide adequate time for the conduct of investigations as soon as possible to the event. The Academy will ensure that appropriate feedback from any investigation undertaken is provided to relevant persons to make an informed and fair decision regarding consequences. The Academy will notify the police and other relevant bodies of incidents where it is appropriate to do so. A copy of the results of all investigations undertaken will be held on record until such time as the student leaves the Academy.

# Prohibited Items, Searching and Confiscation

The safety of our community is of the highest priority to the school. The school has the authority to search for prohibited items without consent if we have reasonable grounds to suspect that a student may be in possession of them. While we always seek to de-escalate challenging situations by using dialogue, the school staff also have the authority to use reasonable force in order to control or restrain students. The following list (which is not exhaustive) lists some of the items that are prohibited:

- Fireworks
- Drugs (both illegal drugs and those deemed as legal highs)
- Alcohol
- Stolen items
- Bladed articles including knives
- Tobacco and related items
- E-cigarettes and related items such as vape pens
- Weapons or items that may be used as weapons
- Pornographic images
- Aerosols of any kind
- Energy drinks
- Any item that may be/has been used to commit an offence, cause damage or injury to person or property.

Confiscated prohibited items will not be returned to the student, they may be passed to the police to form part of their investigation or for their disposal. Further details about the searching and in school may be found here:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/674416/Searching\_screening\_and\_confiscation.pdf

# **Smoking**

The school operates a strict no-smoking policy across the entire site. students may be sanctioned for smoking on their way to and from the school site and at all times when wearing school uniform or on external visits. This includes the use of e-cigarettes/vapes. students who are found to have any smoking paraphernalia on them will face a one day suspension. Consequences will be escalated for further occasions of smoking/vaping and families will be invited into the school to discuss their child's behaviour. We also work with the School Nursing Team and can refer students to get support to give up smoking.

# Mobile phones and electronic devices

Mobile phones have become a part of many of our lives and the school seeks to ensure that responsible usage habits are encouraged through lessons such as IT and PSHE. Mobile devices are a distraction to learning and it is for this reason that they must be switched off and not seen whilst in school.

Mobile phones should not be used to make calls within the school day; if a student needs to contact home they can do so at Student Reception. If a mobile phone is seen or heard outside of lesson time, a Pastoral detention will be issued to the student. In addition the mobile phone will be confiscated by the member of staff and given to reception who will phone home for a parent/ carer to collect.

Students who refuse to pass their phone to the member of staff will be placed in the Reflection Room.

If a student uses their mobile phone or other device to record staff or other students they will be placed in the Reflection Room. If this footage is uploaded to social media, this will result in a suspension.

All other electronic devices such as speakers, tablets and hand-held games consoles are not allowed in school in any area and will be confiscated if brought into school.

#### Use of aerosols

The sensible use of aerosols for many people poses little risk to them or their health, however for others they can pose a serious risk and threat to their ability to breathe. In line with the advice from Asthma UK, Braunton Academy is an aerosol free zone. Due to the serious nature of the risk posed the school will issue appropriate consequences to any student who discharges an

aerosol whilst on the school site or on their journey to or from school. This will be a Pastoral detention in the first instance unless it is used in a deliberately dangerous way, in which case it will be a Senior detention. Students who bring aerosols or perfumes to school should expect to have them confiscated and the school will dispose of them.

# Serious breach of the School's Behaviour Policy

It is impossible to provide a comprehensive list of all serious incidents but the following list serves as an indication of the types of incidents that are considered by the school to be serious:

- Physical assault against a student including fighting
- Physical assault against an adult
- Verbal abuse and threatening behaviour against a student
- Verbal abuse and threatening behaviour against an adult
- Instigating violence by involving other people, not necessarily from our school Community
- Carrying/use of fireworks
- Bullying
- Racist abuse
- LGBTphobic abuse
- Sexual misconduct
- Theft both in or out of school in uniform
- The handling of stolen items
- Damaging property
- Serious challenges to authority
- Persistent disruption of learning
- Serious breaches of the ICT code of conduct
- Selling goods
- Drug and alcohol related incidents this may include the use of a legal substance
- Possession of a weapon, including replica/training weapons
- Misuse of medication
- Misuse of aerosols
- Misuse of electronic equipment
- Making malicious allegations against a member of staff
- Inciting others to break the school rules
- Inciting others to commit a violent act
- Behaviour that endangers themselves or others
- Behaviour which brings the school into disrepute and/or damages the reputation of the school, even if this behaviour occurs outside of school time/premises
- Behaviour that causes great anxiety or upset to others (even if this was intended as a joke)
- The recording/filming of any of the above incidents
- Dealing drugs
- Deliberate misuse of the fire alarm.

Serious incidents will be fully investigated and they may result in the most serious of consequences including a suspension or permanent exclusions. Incidents in schools are required to pass the civil standard of proof of being more likely than not to have occurred and/or be committed by a given student. The above, non-exhaustive, list of behaviours may result in a report being made to the police. The Principal or any other staff member deputising for the Principal may choose to investigate any incident that occurs outside of school hours or premises should they consider that it may have an impact in the safe and effective operation of the school or its community or damage the reputation of the school.

#### **Reflection Room**

Students may need to work in the reflection room where they have been unable to meet the expectations of the teacher and Head of Department in lessons. The rationale behind the room is that students have the opportunity to reflect on their behaviour and consider what has gone wrong, who has been affected and how things could have been done better. Students have the chance to talk to a trained mentor who can discuss what strategies are needed to support the student.

Students may also be required to work in the Reflection Room for more serious or persistent issues either in lessons or outside of learning time including extra-curricular activities and travelling to or from school.

- During the day a student mentor will spend time with the student supporting them with what went wrong and how they can be supported to change their behaviour in the future.
- Students are required to work in the Reflection room or, if appropriate, due to ALN, in The Study, under supervision for the whole day or part thereof. For KS4 students, attendance in some key lessons may be permitted.
- Parents/carers are informed via email including the reason for the consequence.
- Students are provided with work for the subjects they would have had on their normal timetable.
- If a whole day is given as a consequence, students eat their morning break and lunch in the Reflection Room away from their peers. If lunch is required from the canteen, pupils can order a cold lunch which is delivered to the Reflection Room.
- The consequence is recorded on our Class Charts and SIMs systems.
- Students are required to stay until 4.05pm on the evening of the Reflection Room consequence.
- Failure to engage whilst in the Reflection Room will result in a suspension.

There are occasions when a school will opt to schedule a governor's behaviour panel. This is an intervention used to support key identified students. Families are invited to attend these meetings.

#### **Managed Move**

Sometimes and at its own discretion, the school may offer a managed move. This can only be undertaken with the consent of the families. A managed move is an agreement between Braunton Academy and another secondary school. It allows the student to attend an alternative school as a trial. If the new school considers that the move has been successful, they will move to the new school's roll on a permanent basis. If the trial fails, the student will return to Braunton Academy.

A managed move may be used at our discretion for a number of reasons including: persistent poor behaviour, following a serious incident or to resolve poor attendance. There is no guarantee that an alternative school will be in a position to offer a managed move. If a student is unsuccessful on a managed move due to poor behaviour continuing this may result in a permanent exclusion for continued failure to comply with the school expectations.

#### Supporting students

Through BASS meetings, HOY brings pupil names to be discussed to see what intervention can be offered to support them. Referrals may be made to the Academy Learning Mentors for one to one or small group work for a period of time.

Relational Support Plans may be completed to help identify key members of staff to support students who are struggling.

The Academy will offer and lead the Early Help process to ensure effective early identification and integration of services to meet the needs of children and families, including but not limited to: Education Welfare Service; Education Psychology Service; Health Services, including Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS); social services; information, advice and guidance; youth workers from Space and Young Devon; Youth Intervention and Youth Offending Team; drug counsellors agencies such as YSMART, Families in Grief and the Police.

The SENDCO will assess the potential additional needs of a student and complete an All About Me document to share with staff. Referrals to the Social Emotional and Mental Health Team, Communication and Interaction Team or Speech and Language team will be made if appropriate.

#### **USE OF EXCLUSION**

Under the law, Principal, Governing body, Local Authority and independent appeals panel must have regard to the relevant DfES guidance when deciding:

- whether to exclude a student or (where applicable) to uphold an exclusion;
- the period of exclusion;
- whether to direct the Principal to reinstate an excluded student (where applicable).

The Governing body and Principal of the Academy are responsible for promoting good behaviour on the part of the Academy's students and for securing an orderly and safe environment for students and staff.

The Academy's response to challenging and disruptive behaviour will be made in the context of the behaviour policy, and will encompass a range of strategies, with suspension as one option. The Academy will ensure that the interests of the whole school are considered within any action taken.

# Deciding whether to exclude a student

Only the Principal or, in his or her absence, a 'senior' teacher acting with his or her authority, can exclude a student from the Academy. A decision to exclude a student will be taken only:

- in response to serious breaches of the Academy's behaviour policy;
   and
- if allowing the student to remain in the Academy would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupil or others in the Academy.

The decision to exclude a student is a matter of judgement for the Principal, who will take into account the likely impact of the misconduct on the life of the Academy. This may include behaviour on or off Academy premises which is in breach of the standards of behaviour expected by the Academy.

Before reaching a decision to suspend either permanently or for a fixed period, the Principal will:

- a) ensure that a thorough investigation has been carried out;
- b) consider all the evidence available to support the allegations, taking account of the Academy's behaviour and equal opportunities policies, and, where applicable, the Equality Act 2010;
- c) allow and encourage the student to give his or her version of events;
- d) check whether the incident may have been provoked, for example by bullying, including LGBTphobic bullying, or by racial or sexual harassment;
- e) when appropriate, consult others, but not anyone who may later have a role in reviewing the Principal's decision, for example a member of the Governing body.

#### Permanent exclusions

Permanent exclusions will normally be used only as a last resort when a range of other strategies has been exhausted.

In exceptional circumstances, the Principal might consider it appropriate to permanently suspend a child for a first or one-off offence. Such circumstances might include:

- where there has been serious actual or threatened violence against another student or member of staff;
- sexual misconduct;
- supplying an illegal drug;
- carrying an offensive weapon

#### Suspension

In the case of suspensions, the Principal may exclude a student for up to 45 days in any one year. 5 days to be administered as a general maximum for any one incident or series of incidents.

# **Lunchtime suspension**

Students whose behaviour at lunchtime is disruptive may be excluded from the Academy premises for the duration of the lunchtime period. A lunchtime suspension is treated in the same way as any other suspension.

# **Unofficial suspensions**

Informal or unofficial suspensions are illegal regardless of whether they are done with the agreement of parents or carers.

The relevant regulations do not state a minimum length of exclusion. If students are sent home in response to a breach of discipline, even for short periods of time, this must be formally recorded as an exclusion.

In every instance where a student is sent home for disciplinary reasons, the Principal/ designated Senior Teacher shall formally record and specify the length of the suspension (for reporting purposes this will be recorded as a half day, whole day or lunchtime).

# Providing full-time education from the sixth day

Schools are required to provide full-time education from and including the sixth day of any period of suspension of six days or longer. Days of suspension are not to be aggregated. The education must not be provided at the school unless the suspending schools host shared provision for excluded students with at least one other school.

Parents are responsible for the whereabouts of their child during the first five days of any period of suspension up to five days and will face a fixed penalty notice if their child is found in a public place in school hours without reasonable justification during this period.

Local authorities are required to provide full-time education from the sixth day of a permanent exclusions. Principals (and in the case of PRUs, teachers in charge) will be required to inform the appropriate local authority of the permanent exclusions.

# **Procedures following permanent exclusions**

In the case of a permanent exclusions the student remains on the roll of the Academy until any appeal is determined, or until the time limit for the parents to lodge an appeal has expired without an appeal being brought, or the parent has told the LA in writing that no appeal is to be brought.

Once a permanent exclusions has been upheld by the Governing body, the LA has a duty to assess the student's needs and how to meet them, including any special educational needs the student may have. Once the student is removed from roll, the LA is responsible for ensuring that suitable full-time education is provided, either at another school or, where necessary, making use of a Pupil Referral Unit or other alternative provision. If the Academy or LA considers that parenting is a factor in the behaviour of the student who has been expelled, consideration shall be given as to whether it may be appropriate to offer a parenting contract or apply to the magistrate's court for a parenting order. The Academy may not require a parent to sign a parenting contract as a condition of their child being admitted following permanent exclusions.

# When suspension/exclusion is not appropriate

It should not be used for:

- a) minor incidents such as failure to do homework;
- b) poor academic performance;
- c) lateness or truancy;
- d) pregnancy;
- e) breaches of school uniform rules or rules on appearance (for example, relating to jewellery, body-piercing, hairstyles, etc), except where these are persistent and in open defiance of such rules;
- f) punishing students for the behaviour of their parents, for example where parents refuse, or are unable, to attend a meeting.

# Reintegration

A Return to School (RTS) meeting following the expiry of a suspension will be arranged by the Academy prior to a student returning from a period of suspension. The meeting will establish a risk assessment of the student and identify the resources needed to provide the necessary support to the student.

# Informing parents / carers

The Principal will inform the parent / carer by letter of the period of the suspension (it may not run for an indefinite period) and the reasons following a phone call from a Senior leader or HOY. The parent / carer has the right to make representations about the suspension to the Discipline Committee.

Where a parent / carer refuses to comply with the terms of a suspension, the Academy may notify the Social Services department and the police if, in the Principal's view, the child or any other person may be at risk as a result of a failure to meet the terms of the suspension.

# Informing the Governing body and the LA

Within one school day the Principal will inform the Governing body and the LA of:

- permanent exclusionss;
- suspensions which would result in the student being excluded for more than five school days (or more than ten lunchtimes) in any one term;
- suspensions which would result in the student missing a public examination.

For a permanent exclusions, if the student lives outside of Devon the Principal should also advise the 'home' LA of the suspension, so that they can start to make arrangements for the student's full-time education in the event of the expulsion being upheld by the Governing body and independent appeal panel.

For suspensions totalling five or fewer school days, or ten or fewer lunchtimes or half days, in any one term will be reported to the Governing body and LA once a term.





# Mid Term Assessment Reports

Serious Cause for Concern		You are frequently not organised for your lessons.  You are of the not in the ornect equipment and so you are often not ready to learn.  Your work is presented untidity.	You have not yet established how to work Michependenthy. Independenthy. You need to work hard to plan, organise and complete tasks seeking help where necessary. You regularly fall to meet your deadlines. You requident work does not yet reflect your progress towards developing the knowledge, skills and understanding you need for the subject.	Your engagement in your learning is inconsistent and is affecting your progress.  You are not yet working to the best of your ability in the subject.  You need to consider how you can make more positive contributions.  Independent tasks are not yet completed effectively. You need to consider how you can build on your knowledge, skills and understanding of the subject to help you to find solutions to problems and ways forward with your learning.
Cause for Concern Serious	Passive Learning	ry equipment ry's guidelines untidy.	You need to focus more on self-managing your independent tasks.  You need to consider the way that you plan, organise omplete tasks.  You sometimes fall to meet your deadlines.  You redefendent work shows that you are making own independent work shows that you are making some progress in your learning towards developing progress towards the knowledge, skills and understanding you need for and understanding the subject.	ning with more I to the best of your ed or group activities. when given wyou can best use rstanding of the ons to problems and ely to teacher or peer
Good Cause	gr.	always organised for your lessons. So have the correct equipment so that yo learn. Gerise books / folders etc. is mostly	y self-manage your independent tasks well. y plan, organise and complete tasks to the rability. The billy, y meet your deadlines. I make your deadlines. I make your deadlines. I making self you are making self your learning towards developing ress in your learning towards developing dee, skills and understanding you need for t.	engage in your learning with interest and ry hearning tasks are completed to the best ry sate actively in paired or group tasks. fectively when given independent tasks, use your knowledge; skills and ng of the subject to help you to find problems and ways forward with your darking and usery forward with your dactively to teacher or peer feedback.
Excellent	Active Learning	You are always organised for your lessons.  You are nearly and you are nearly and state to the correct equipment so that you were ready to learn.  Work to you are nearly and you are ready to learn.  Work in your early well-presented.	You self-manage your independent tasks extremely You usuall well.  You usuall you plan, organise and complete tasks to the best of you vousually.  You always meet your deadlines.  You always meet your deadlines.  You independent work shows that you are making good progres in your learning towards the knowledge, skills and understanding the subject.	You usually enthusiasm. You always omplete learning tasks to the best of Most of you your ability. You participate actively in paired or group tasks. You work very effectively when given independent You usually You use your knowledge, skills and understanding of understand the subject to help you to find solutions to problems solutions to and ways forward with your learning. You usually you to find solutions to problems solutions to and ways forward with your learning. You respon
		Presentation &	Нотемогк	Engagement in Learning

# Key Stage 3 Mastery Curriculum

Mastery Targets	Description	Progress In
Mastering	Can independently and convincingly explain the 'how and 'why' aspects of their learning and can apply their learning comfortably in new contexts in each subject.	Above Ta
Extending	The student must demonstrate application and understanding of skills, concepts and knowledge in contexts beyond those taught in each subject.	On Tar
Securing	The student must demonstrate consistent understanding and application of skills, concepts and knowledge in each subject.	Below Ta
Developing	The student must demonstrate a broader understanding and some application of skills, concepts and knowledge in each subject.	
Emerging	The student must demonstrate some understanding of skills, concepts and knowledge in each subject.	
Not accessing	The student is not yet demonstrating some understanding of skills, concepts and knowledge in each subject.	

Description	Likely to achieve higher than their KS3 mastery target if continued to the end of year 9.	Likely to achieve their KS3 mastery target if continued to the end of year 9.	Likely to achieve below or significantly below their KS3 mastery target if continued to the end of year 9.
Progress Indicator	Above Target	On Target	Below Target

# **Appendix Incident Reporting Form**

# Braunton Academy – Incident/Witness Statement Form

Name:Y	ear Group: 7 8 9 10 11
Tutor:	
Date of incident:	
Time of incident:	
Before Tutor Break Lunch	After school Period 1 2 3 4 5
Where did it happen?	
Who was involved?	Who really saw it? (Witnesses)
What happened? Use facts not opinions:	
Student signature:	Date:

**Appendix DSI referral** 

#### DISRUPTIVE STUDENT INTERVENTION STRATEGY

#### **Student Referral for Additional Support**

This form is for the use of Heads of Department/House to refer students who are in need of further support, after the established Department and Pastoral behavioural policies have been implemented.

STUDENT'S NAME: TUTOR GROUP:
SUBJECT AREA: TEACHER:
PLEASE COMPLETE THE SECTIONS BELOW AND FORWARD TO YOUR HEAD OF DEPARTMENT
General description of student (Factors to be considered. The student's history; behaviour, relationships, any special characteristics, both positive and negative within subject area.)
<ul><li>Description of main concerns.</li><li>(By whom- parents, school, other)</li></ul>
3 Summary of strategies already implemented and previous interventions within department. (In school, from other support services/ professionals/ detentions/ isolations/ parental contact) Please tick Teacher contact home HOD Involvement Subject report HOD Contact Home Department Meeting with Home

- 4 Summary of educational attainment. (GCSE/ KS 3 levels: actual/ expectations CATS)
- 5 Any other comments / further details. (Learning difficulties, disapplication of NC. Other agencies)

6 week	Suggested period of support requested (maximum period of two s)
SIGNE	ED BYHead of Department DATE
Please	e forward to the respective Head of Year
1. (includ	Summary of pastoral strategies already implemented ding support services/professionals e.g. Learning Mentor / SWAP / CAMHS etc)
2.	Any other comments/further details
SIGNE	ED BY Head of Year DATE
Please	e forward to Asst. Vice Principal Inclusion
Agree	ed date (Disruptive Student Intervention): DATE:
Appe	ndix

# **GUIDELINES FOR PHYSICAL RESTRAINT IN SCHOOL**

The 2006 Education and Inspections Act permits the use of reasonable force to restrain a student in the event of extreme behaviour. This policy has been written with reference to the July 2013 "Use of Reasonable force" document which is a non-statutory guidance document published by the DFE.

Restraint occurs when a member of staff uses physical force intentionally to restrict a child's movement against his or her will.

Physical contact with students may occur under other circumstances such as providing physical prompts, giving support in PE and supplying reassurance. The term restraint does not extend to these situations. Staff should not be inhibited in providing such contact when it is professional and appropriate to

do so. The school's restraint policy is developed in relation to the school's policy on managing behaviour.

Reasonable force may be used in the following circumstances:

- in self-defence where risk of injury is imminent;
- where there is a developing risk of injury or significant damage to property;
- where good order and discipline are compromised;
- when the activity occurs on the school premises or during an authorised activity off the premises.

#### **Aims**

- At Braunton Academy, physical restraint will only be used in extreme circumstances.
- Any force used should always be the minimum necessary to achieve the desired result and to prevent a student from:
- injuring themselves or others;
- committing a criminal offence;
- causing damage to property;

#### When may students be restrained?

- Where possible staff should try to de-escalate the situation first. A physical intervention should only be used when other methods to manage the situation are inappropriate.
- Examples of situations which may require physical restraint are when a student is:
- attacking a member of staff or another student
- fighting with another student
- engaged in or is on the verge of committing deliberate damage or vandalism to property
- causing or at risk of causing injury or damage by accident, rough play or by misuse of dangerous materials or objects
- running in school in a way in which he/she might cause injury to themselves or others
- absconds from a class or tries to leave the school
- behaving in a way that is seriously disrupting a lesson
- In cases when the school is aware that a pupil is likely to behave in a way that may require physical restraint, plans will be made which address:
- possible strategies for de-escalating the problem (exit card etc)

- ways of managing the student e.g. strategies, holds to be used
- informing parents about specific action to be adopted
- briefing staff to ensure they are clear about strategies
- ensuring additional support can be summoned if appropriate

#### Who may restrain pupils?

• Physical Restraint may be carried out by all members of the school staff.

However should any individual lack the confidence or the desire to take such action, a senior member of staff may be summoned.

- These arrangements apply at all times the school has responsibility for students and extend to times when students are at after-school clubs or are off-site on educational trips. The policy does not apply to situations after children have been dismissed and left the school premises or have been collected by parents and are in their care.
- Everyone has the right to defend themselves against an attack provided they do not use a disproportionate amount of force to do so. In an emergency, e.g. if a student was at immediate risk of injury by someone else, any member of staff is able to intervene.

# How may pupils be restrained?

- A calm approach to a situation should be adopted:
- Prior to intervention the adult should, if possible, summon assistance from colleagues (Senior Management) e.g. when dealing with more than one student, or if they believe that they may be at risk of injury.
- If a member of staff does not feel confident to intervene they should continue to attempt to defuse the situation orally and to prevent the situation from escalating until help arrives.
- Staff should remove other students who may be at risk.
- Attempts should be made to communicate with the student calmly throughout the incident.
- It should be made clear that physical restraint will stop as soon as it ceases to be necessary.
- Physical intervention may take several forms:
- Physically moving to get between students
- Standing in the way of a student
- Holding, pushing, pulling
- Leading a pupil away by the hand or gentle pressure on the back (In more extreme cases more restrictive holds may be used)

- No restraint may be used which may be considered to be indecent or which may be expected to cause injury to the child.
- Force which could cause injury includes:
- holding around the neck
- any hold that might restrict breathing
- kicking, slapping or punching
- forcing limbs against joints
- tripping
- holding by the hair
- holding the student face down on the ground

Force like this should never be used. No force can ever be used as a punishment.

#### What to do after an incident of restraint

- All incidents when restraint is used should be recorded as soon as possible (within 24 hours) and the Headteacher notified.
- name(s) of student(s) involved
- location of incident
- the reason force was necessary
- description of the incident
- steps taken to diffuse the situation
- degree of force used and for how long
- student(s) response and outcome of the incident
- details of any injury suffered by anyone and damage to property
- statements from any witnesses should also be included
- Any staff injuries sustained will be recorded separately on an Accident Report Form in accordance with Health and Safety procedures.
- Students who have been restrained will be entitled to record their views when they have calmed down and will be given assistance to do so if necessary.
- Parents will always be informed of any incident with their child involving the use of physical restraint and will be given an opportunity to discuss the incident. (How and when parents are informed is the decision of the SLT/HOY.)
- Students or staff who are involved in a difficult incident will have access to support as required:
- Debriefing

- Restorative meetingDiscussion with Assistant Headteacher (Student Support and Guidance)
- Time with a mentor
- Childline